

Thematic Workshop:

**Elections, Violence & Conflict Prevention** 

# **Case Study**

# Voter Registration in Bosnia and Herzegovina

CIDA

IOM

OAS

Bureau for Crisis Prevention Barcelona, 22-26 March, 2010



TRAIN TO BEX NET With the support of:









## Impacts of demographic structire of BiH

War period: early 1992 - late 1995

War Ends with US lead military intervention (Dayton Peace Accord)

1991 population: 4.380.000

### **Demographic impacts:**

- Over 100.000 deaths

TRAIN A BEX-NET With the support of:

- Number of refugees (out of country): App 880.000 (in 110 countries)
- Number of internaly displaced (IDPs): App 1.370.000



## **Towards Elections 1996**

### Mandate:

## **Organization For Security and Co-operation in Europe (OSCE)**

### Agenda:

Organized within:

- Election of civil authorities.
- Reconciliation, peacebuilding and state building.

for Crisis Prevention

- Annulling effects of ethnic cleansing (promoting return and property reposesion).

### Some circumstances:

TRAIN TO BEX:NET With the support of:

- No freedom of movement.
- No accurate civil registers.



# From 1996 to 2002

- First elections 1996 using 1991 population census as voter register.
- Consequent elections voter registration process.
- Indicted for war crimes can not stand as candidates nor vote.
- Enable refugees to vote.
- Enable IDPs to vote for their 1991 municipalities.

Bureau for Crisis Prevention

- Illegal occupants (mainly IDPs) can not vote for their present municipalities but for their 1991 place of residence.
- Everyone can register to vote in their 1991 municipality 'in person'.







# **Problems - solutions**

- Inaccurate voter register ongoing registration effort until 2002.
- Lack of trust in election processes deployment of international supervisors.
- Initially no freedom of movement across entity boundary lines international adjudicators verify document in places of origin.
- **Refugee (OCV) voting** international effort IOM/OSCE
- Sustainability constant investment in training of local experts; once the process was strengthen – handed over to domestic authorities.