EU Election Observation Missions: context, planning, implementation



EC – UNDP – IDEA SEMINAR ON ELECTION ASSISTANCE Brussels, 1 to 5 December 2008 Olivier Ruyssen – Stefano Gatto, EUROPEAN COMMISSION

Legal basis for EU election observation?

- EU based on the principle of democracy and rule of law
- Treaty of European Union (art 5): commitment to develop and consolidate democracy and rule of law, respect of Human Rights and fundamental freedoms
- EC partnership and co-operation agreements (e.g. Cotonou): strong emphasis on human rights and democracy. Human rights clauses included in all agreements with third countries
- Human rights regulations 975/99 (updated by 2240/2004) and 976/99 (updated by 2242/2004) EIDHR (European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights)

2000 Communication

(Reference: COM(2000) 191 final)

- A "milestone" in the development of EU EOMs.
- Strategy is based on:
 - Strategic approach to programming
 - Coherence with Human Rights and Democracy initiatives
 - Standard methodology
 - Long-term, comprehensive election observation
 - Independence of EU EOM to assessment election

A fundamental distinction:

Election Observation



Election Assistance

- To provide an independent, neutral and professional appraisal of the electoral process
- To contribute to the enhancement of public confidence in the electoral process,
- To deter fraud, illegal procedures and intimidation,
- To strengthen respect for human rights and
- To contribute to conflict prevention and resolution.

- Assistance to election management bodies, procurement of election materials
- Support to NGO and civil society (e.g. voter and civic education, local observers, media monitoring and training...)

EU EOMs TODAY

Since 2000:

- 65 EU Election Observation Missions
- +40 Countries
- Over 4000 Observers deployed
- Increasing Activity :
 - © 7 EOMs in 2004
 - © 12 EOMs in 2005
 - © 14 EOMs in 2006
 - © 10 EOMs in 2007 (+2 elections postponed)
 - © 10 EOMs in 2008

2009: Priorities being defined, 14 countries pre - selected

Election Observation in 2007

- Bangladesh (suspended)
- Mauritania
- Aceh (Indonesia)
- Nigeria
- Timor-Leste
- Sierra Leone
- Guatemala
- Ecuador
- Togo
- Kenya
- Pakistan (postponed early 2008)

EU EOMs in 2008 and possible priorities in 2009

- Finalised: Pakistan, Bhutan, Nepal, Cambodia, Angola, Rwanda, Ecuador.
- On going: Guinea Bissau, Bangladesh
- ExMs carried out: Bolivia (EOM not deployed for revocatory referendum, EOM will be deployed to the constitutional referendum in 2009); Ivory Coast (election postponed to mid-2009)
- Volatile political / electoral contexts: Guinea Conakry
- Possible priorities in 2009: El Salvador, Bolivia, Ivory Coast, Guinea Conakry (ex-2008), Ecuador, Lebanon, Yemen, Fiji, Indonesia Aceh, Malawi, Afghanistan, Honduras, Chad, Mozambique.

Organising EU EOMs

- Programming
- Exploratory Mission
- Decision
- Contracting I.P/ / Selection
- « Core Team » Deployment
- Observers (LTOs, STOs) Deployment
- E-Day + <u>PRELIMINARY STATEMENT</u>
- FINAL REPORT
- Closure

Programming

- Election calendar
- Identification of "priority" and "to be followed" countries
 - How? How Many? How Much?
 - Consistency with EU democratisation and crisis management initiatives; increasing peace building component
 - Geographical balance
 - Value of constructive engagement, added value

Institutional Setting of Programming

- Intra-Commission consultation: RELEX,DEV,AIDCO
 - Delegations
- Inter-institutional Dialogue:
 - Consultation with Council Policy Unit
 - Consultation with Member States in all relevant Council Working Groups (COHOM, COASI, COAFR, COLAT, etc.)
 - European Parliament Election Coordination Group

Exploratory Mission

 Composition: COM officials (3) + experts contracted (3) + MS secondments (2 max)

⇒REPORT

• Advisable : Genuine elections?

• Useful : Added value of EU EOM?

• Feasible : Modalities for EU EOM +

Logistics/security?

Implementing Partner?

Findings sent to Member States and European Parliament ECG

Decision to deploy EOM

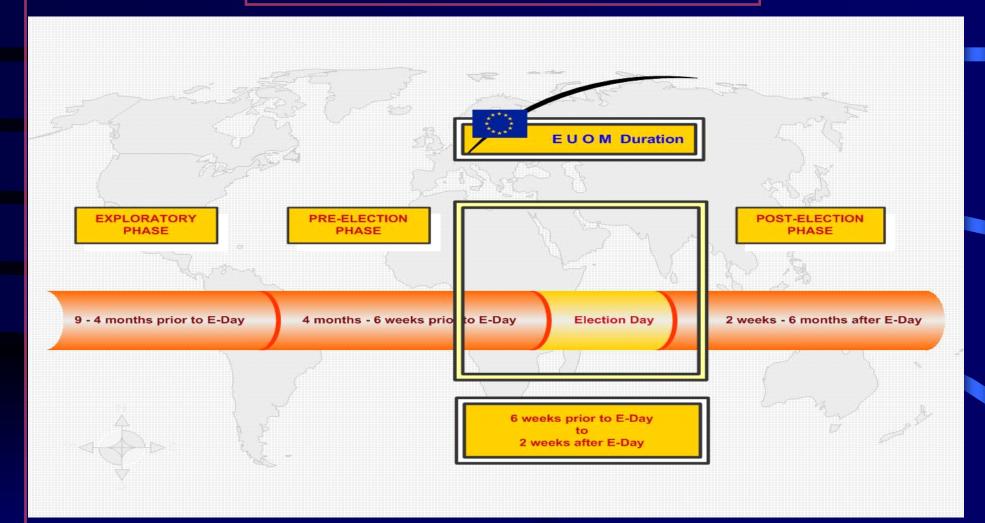
- Decision made by Commissioner for External Relations and Neighbourhood Policy (Ms. Benita Ferrero-Waldner)
- Following Exploratory Missions to a number of countries, a decision has been taken not to deploy an EOM e.g.
 Colombia, Papua New Guinea and Egypt
- Reply to Invitation
- Memorandum of Understanding signed with country where election will be observed

Pre Election Phase: EU EOM Composition

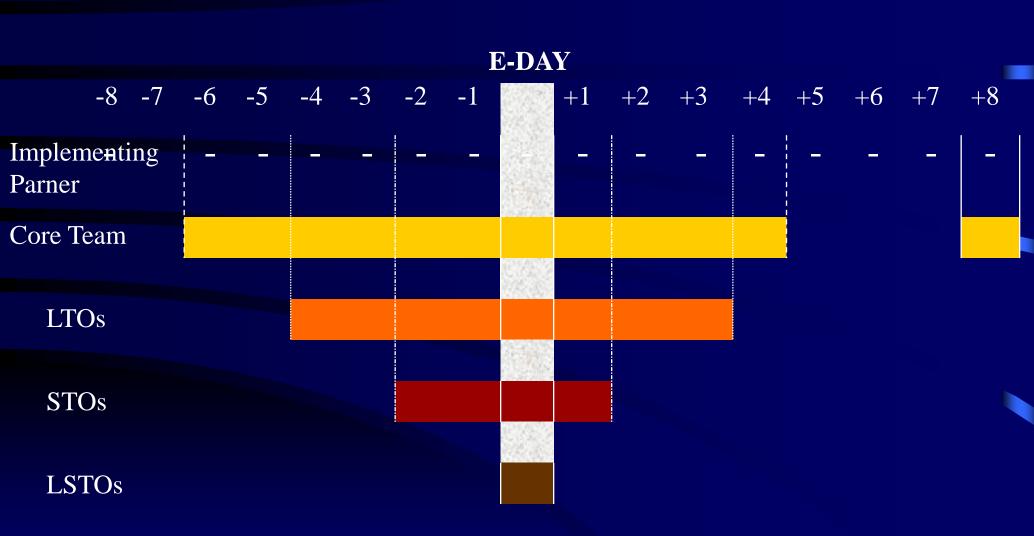
- Commissioner nominates Chief Observer, usually MEP
- Implementing Partner contracted
- Core team members identified and contracted by the Commission based on a call for candidates on the internet
- LTOs and STOs proposed by Member States and selected by Commission based on standardised procedures through roster



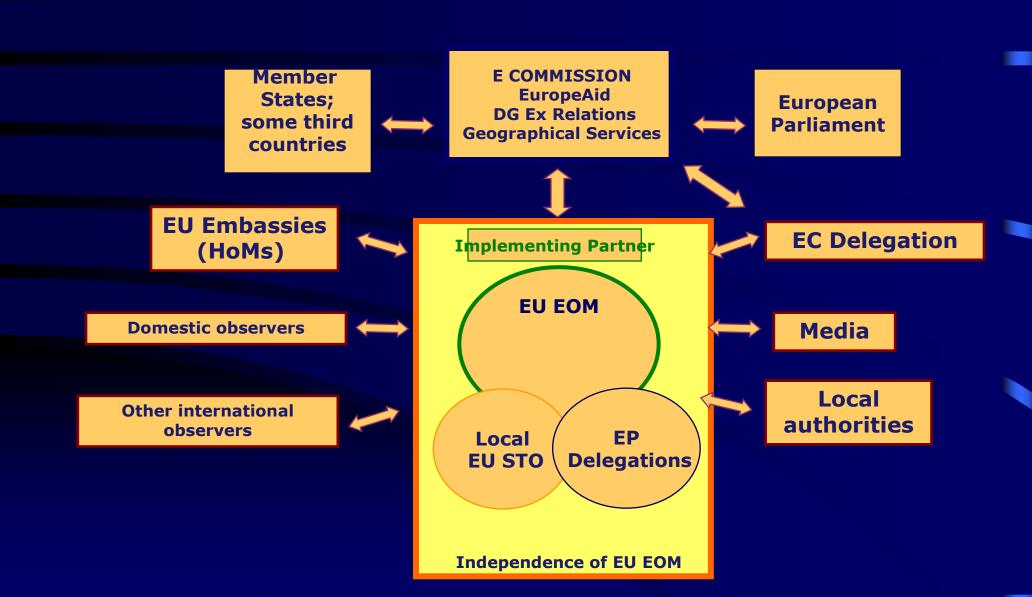
Election Timeline



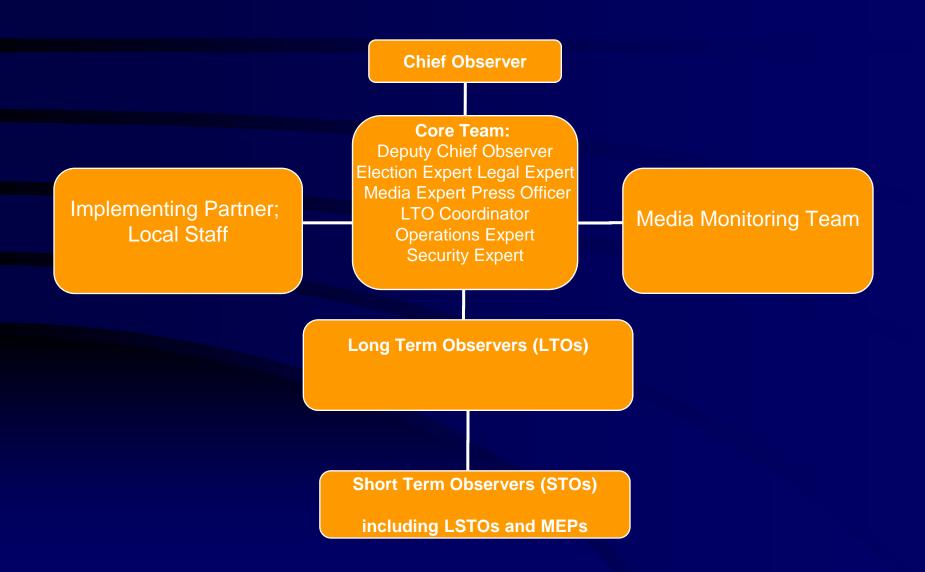
Deployment Timing



EU EOM External Environment



EU EOM Mission Structure:



CORE TEAM

- Chief Observer (EP Member)
- Deputy ChiefObserver
- Analysts and Experts
 - Election
 - Legal
 - Media
 - Press Officer
 - Operations

- Security
- Country
- Observer Coordinator
- <u>Staff:</u> Assistants, secretariat, Drivers, ...

IMPLEMENTING PARTNER

Team

- Task Managers
- IT Specialist
- Accountant
- Staff

Tasks

- Contracting CT,Observers
- Offices, Accomodation
- Travels

- Briefings
- Office Equipments
- CommunicationEquipments
- Transports (4x4, cars,...)
- Observers Kits
- Security
- Visibility
- Reporting



OBSERVERS

- Volunteers
- Requested by Commission Services
- Proposed by Member States Focal Points (Dpt Foreign Affairs)
- Selected by Commission services via Roster
- Long Term Observers (LTOs) +/- 2 months
- Short Term Observers (STOs) +/- 10 days
- Local STOs: 1 day
- Note: LSTOs
- Note: EP Delegation Observers

Long Term Observer (LTO)

- Main Tasks:
 - Contacts with Local Actors
 - Prepare local DeploymentPlan
 - Report (weekly) on preelection background
 - E-day: Observe, coordinate STOs, report
 - Report on post-election background
 - Evaluation of STOs
 - **—** ...

- Duties
 - EU Code of Conduct
 - Follow CT guidelines
- Equipment
 - Laptop, communication, personnal kits, visibility...
- Insurance
 - Medical expenses
 - Accident/Death
 - Evacuation

Short Term Observer

- Main Task : Report on E-Day (10 to 15 polling stations)
- Duties : EU Code of Conduct
 - Security Measures
- Duration : +/- 10 days
- Equipment : IT Communication Visibility
 - Medical Kit Info Kit
- Insurance : Medical Expenses
 - Accidents/Death
 - Repatriation

Selection Procedures

- Announcement to MS via Roster:
 - Country, election, deployment dates
 - LTOs and STOs numbers requested per country – priority ranking
 - Profile
 - Language
 - Experience
 - Training
 - Specific conditions

- Selection Committee (AIDCO, RELEX, DEV)
 - CV analysis
 - Balance between
 nationalities, gender,
 experience, age,...
- Results publication via Roster
 - Selected
 - Reserve List
 - Non selected
- Information to Implementing Partner

Mission output

- <u>1-3 days after election</u>: EU EOM Preliminary Statement
- Possibly followed up by EU Member States / Presidency Declaration
- 1-2 months after final results
 a comprehensive EU EOM Final Report,
 which is presented to the authorities during RETURN
 MISSION

Final Report

- Usually issued approximately one to two months after an election (return mission)
- Includes detailed comment on all aspects of the electoral process and recommendations to improve the process
- Increasingly important document in terms of follow-up

Press - Commission expectations

- Election Observation Missions are one of our most effective instruments in supporting democratic processes.
- Commissioner Ferrero-Waldner has made election observation one of her priorities as Commissioner.
- She personally selects chief observers and follows closely the mission's work and results.

Brussels level

- What do we do in Brussels?
- Press release announcing the mission. When core team is deployed. Draft needs to be received at least 3 working days before publication date.
- Coordination with other observers, UN agencies etc
- Regular contacts between Commissioner and CO, prior, during and after mission
- Statement by Commissioner Ferrero-Waldner and Michel, depending on the country after official election results are made public.
- Mission follow up: return mission and assistance programming; lessons learned seminars etc

Suggestions to EOM /Press

- Web page with clear contact details, details to be shared with Commission services
- Press releases and contacts with the press on the ground.
- Dealing directly with specific questions on the EOM.
- Communication liaison with COM services on the ground and in Brussels
- Photos taken of the EOM could be sent to the Commission audiovisual library.

Coordination COM - EU EOM

- Brussels press release to be sent to EOM press officer.
- EOM press statements to be sent to COM/RELEX for consultation
- Spokesman service to be made aware immediately of any incident/problems/ issues that might be happening on the ground and be given defensive lines.

ToRs of Election and Legal Experts

Key elements include:

- Assess the legal framework for elections and its implementation in accordance with international standards
- Evaluate the structures and performance of election management bodies based on the criteria which include independence, impartiality, transparency, effectiveness and professionalism
- Log, categorise and maintain a database of electionrelated complaints from parties, candidates, voters and other stakeholders

ToR (2)

- Assess the performance of the Judiciary and any other bodies dealing with complaints and appeals
- Meet regularly with relevant local and international stakeholders, including other observation missions
- Advise the Chief Observer on all legal and election administration matters
- Brief mission members on important legal and election issues
- Contribute to the preparation of weekly reports, the preliminary statement and the final report.